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OF  
THE REPUBLICAN  
ARE VERY REASONABLE AND  
CIRCULATION IS VERY LARGE.  
WE DO JOB WORK  
OF  
Every Kind.  
VOL. VII.

# THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE PARTY IN THE FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.  
HARTFORD, KY., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1894.

HAVE YOU PAID  
YOUR SUBSCRIPTION?  
THIS TAG  
Will show how you stand with  
The Republican. Pay up and  
one year in Advance and we  
will send you The Louisville  
Weekly Commercial one year  
free. Subscribe at once.  
NO. 8.

**IVORY SOAP**  
99 1/2% PURE  
DON'T ACCEPT IMITATIONS.  
THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO. CHICAGO

**ANYWHERE!  
EVERYWHERE!**  
SUMMER EXCURSION  
TICKETS AND ON SALE VIA THE  
**Chesapeake, Ohio & Southwestern  
RAILROAD.**  
To the Springs and Mountains of Virginia.  
To the Lakes and Woods of the North.  
To the Seashore and the Ocean.  
TO ALL THE PROMINENT RESORTS  
— IN THE —  
**UNITED STATES AND CANADA**  
AS WELL AS TO THE  
**Pleasant Spots near Home:**  
GRAYSON SPRINGS,  
DAWSON SPRINGS,  
CRITTENDEN SPRINGS,  
CERULEAN SPRINGS,  
Famous for their Social, Healthful, and Economic  
Advantages.

**LOCAL SUNDAY EXCURSION TICKETS**  
are on sale between all stations within a dis-  
tance of fifty miles, and will be sold to Louis-  
ville, Memphis, and Paducah, from points in  
the vicinity of those cities.  
Rates, schedules and all information regarding  
a trip in any direction will be furnished on ap-  
plication to any agent of the  
**Chesapeake, Ohio & Southwestern R. R.**  
and any other regular route, pamphlets, or any  
advertising matter, describing any particular  
route or routes, can be procured same by writing to  
any of the following:  
**J. J. DONOVAN,** Agent, HARTFORD, KY.  
**HOWARD JOLLY,** Agent, HARTFORD, KY.  
**W. J. MORRIS,** Agent, HARTFORD, KY.  
**G. J. GRAMMER,** Agent, HARTFORD, KY.

**Cotton Belt Route**  
(St. Louis Southwestern Ry.)  
— TO —  
**Arkansas, Texas**  
THE ONLY LINE  
With through Car Service from  
**MEMPHIS TO TEXAS.**

No change of Cars to  
**ST. LOUIS, MO.,**  
OR INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

**TWO DAILY TRAINS**  
Carrying through Coaches  
and Pullman Sleepers. Travelling  
the most famous, grazing and timber  
lands. And reaching the most pros-  
perous towns and cities in the  
**Great Southwest.**

**FARMING LANDS.** — Yielding  
abundantly all the cereals, corn and  
cotton, and especially adapted to the  
cultivation of small fruits and early  
vegetables.

**GRAZING LANDS.** — Affording  
excellent pasturage during almost  
the entire year, and comparatively close  
to the great markets.

**TIMBER LANDS.** — Covered with  
almost inexhaustible forests of yellow  
pine, cypress and the hard woods  
common to Arkansas and Eastern  
Texas.  
Can be procured on reasonable and  
advantageous terms.

All lines connect with and have tick-  
ets sold via the  
**Cotton Belt Route**

Ask your nearest Ticket Agent for  
maps, time tables, etc., and write to  
any of the following for all infor-  
mation you may desire concerning the  
trip to the Great Southwest.

**R. T. G. MATTHEWS,**  
Dist. Pass. Agt., Louisville, Ky.  
**E. W. LEBEAUME,**  
G. P. & Tkt. Agt., St. Louis, Mo.  
**J. A. EDSON,**  
Gen'l Supt., Texarkana, Tex.

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CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS  
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CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a  
small sum we will advise you as to  
whether or not you can obtain a patent  
for your invention. A full and com-  
plete examination of your invention  
will be made. If it is found that you  
can obtain a patent, we will draw  
up the application and secure for you  
the best possible protection. If it is  
found that you cannot obtain a patent,  
we will advise you of the reasons  
therefor. Our fees are reasonable and  
our success is guaranteed.  
MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

**TABLER'S PILE  
BUCKEYE PILE  
OINTMENT**  
CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.  
A SURE AND CERTAIN CURE  
known for 16 years as the BEST  
REMEDY FOR PILES.  
Prepared by HENRIETTA HENRIETTA CO., ST. LOUIS.

**UNIQUE PROFESSORSHIPS.**  
Not All the Learning in the Land  
is Housed in Colleges.

A Once Honored Title That is No Longer  
Distinctive—Some Interesting and  
Amusing Stories of These  
Later-Day Professors.

Nowadays the professors in our  
colleges would do well to be ad-  
dressed simply as "Mr. Smith," "Mr.  
Jones," the title "professor" being  
no longer distinctive.  
A short time ago, as I walked  
through the hall leading to my  
boarding house bedroom, I was sur-  
prised to see the door open and a  
man on his knees in the corner. I  
inquired of the chambermaid why he  
was there.  
"Oh, he's ill right," she answered.  
"He's Prof. Wilkins."  
Prof. Wilkins! Had the man sud-  
denly gone mad? or had he discov-  
ered some new specimen of animated  
nature in my department?  
"Why did you bring him up  
here?" I asked. "I always wish to  
have callers wait for me in the par-  
lor."  
"Oh," giggled the girl, "what  
would he be in the parlor for? He's  
Prof. Wilkins, the mouse man. Some  
of the boarders complained there  
was mice in the house, and he's look-  
ing for them!"  
When I interviewed Prof. Wilkins,  
he informed me that he was a pro-  
fessor of rodentology, and I found  
that his mind really had a scientific  
turn. He gave me some interesting  
facts in connection with the mouse-  
catching business. One tale was of  
a lady who was sued by her maid  
for damages, because in her terror  
at discovering a mouse in a sugar  
bush, she had flung mouse, sugar  
and bash at the girl's head.  
Another story illustrated the in-  
fluence of certain conditions on  
dreams. The professor assured me  
that one of his customers dreamed  
of mice whenever she ate cheese!  
On the register of a hotel in a  
western town I read: "Prof. Pek-  
kins and staff." A geological sur-  
vey was in progress. Probably, I  
reflected, Prof. Pekkins was con-  
ducting it.  
That night, through the transom  
of my door, I heard an unusually  
penetrating voice instructing a class,  
but the subject was not geology.  
The stranger was giving points to  
his agents on setting forth the mer-  
its of a certain soap. The principal  
point was the purity of the ingredi-  
ents. The oil used was of such  
quality that in the soap factory, at  
the lunch hour, the operatives left  
the butter provided for them, pre-  
ferring to dip their bread in the  
sweet and delicious oil. This was  
no reflection on the butter, which was  
best creamery.  
I was so interested in this stranger  
that I inquired of the clerk: "Who  
has the room opposite mine?"  
"Prof. Pekkins and two of his  
staff."  
Prof. Pekkins was a professor of  
savonology!  
Prof. Null, tonsorial artist, lives  
across the border. Shortly after his  
marriage, walking with his dark-  
skinned bride, he met a customer—  
one of the Four Hundred of this  
city. "Mistah Blankins," he ex-  
claimed, blocking the way of the as-  
tonished man, "Mistah Blankins,  
permit me to introduce Mrs. Pro-  
fessah Null, Mistah Blankins." — Kute Field's  
Washington.

**ALL FOR A POSTAGE STAMP.**  
How the Rule of the Dead Letter Of-  
fice Worked in One Instance.  
The rule of the dead letter office is  
to make extraordinary effort to re-  
turn all missent letters which are  
found to contain money. But blind  
obedience to this rule is the basis of  
an entertaining story. A boy in the  
lad school on the Skolomish reser-  
vation, which is about three miles  
from the post office of Union City,  
Wash., wrote a letter to his brother  
at Seaback some time ago, inclosing  
in it a small sum of money.  
He also wrote on the envelope that  
if it should not be delivered in proper  
time it was to be returned to the  
writer. His brother did not call for  
it and it was returned to Union City.  
The postmaster there had not heard

of the boy, and on inquiry failed to  
find him. Accordingly he sent the  
letter to the dead letter office.  
On arrival here it was opened, and  
it had money in it. It was returned  
to Union City with a long letter of  
instructions to find the writer if pos-  
sible. After inquiry the boy was at  
last found and was requested to go  
in person, claim the letter and re-  
ceipt for it, and the postmaster had  
to go through as much red tape as if  
the letter contained one thousand  
dollars. The joke becomes evident  
when it is known that the money in  
the letter amounted to only a one-  
cent postage stamp and a copper  
cent.—N. Y. Tribune.

**Too Much Science in the Beer.**  
A good tale is told of the late Prof.  
Tyndall about the time he was a  
master at Queenwood college, Hants.  
The village innkeeper had a capital  
cup of home-brewed old-fashioned  
ale, which the educational staff much  
favored. Years passed on, but the  
secret of the roses remained, and  
when the professor ran over to look  
once more at his starting point in  
life he went down for a glass of the  
well-remembered brew. "Slapdash-  
dash," said he, after a delicious  
draught, "I never had any beer like  
yours since I went away." "No, sir,"  
nowadays they put too much science  
into beer—'stead of malt and hops."  
—Food and Sanitation.

**Public Speaking.**  
B. L. D. Guffy, Republican candi-  
date for Judge of the Court of Ap-  
peals in the 2d District, will address  
the people at the following times and  
places, viz:  
Leitchfield, Grayson county, Sep-  
tember 20th, 1894.  
McDaniels, Breckinridge county,  
Friday, September 21st.  
Hardinsburg, Breckinridge county,  
Saturday, Sept. 22d.  
Cloverport, Breckinridge county,  
Saturday night, Sept. 22d.  
Brandenburg, Meade county, Mon-  
day, Sept. 24th.  
Hawesville, Hancock county, Tues-  
day, September 25th.  
Owensboro, Daviess county, Wed-  
nesday, September 26th.  
Calhoun, McLean county, Thurs-  
day, Sept. 27th.  
Livermore, McLean county, Fri-  
day, September 28th.  
South Carrollton, Muhlenberg  
county, Saturday, Sept. 29th.  
Central City at night.  
Speaking will commence at one  
o'clock p. m. at each place except  
Cloverport and Central City, where  
the speaking will commence at 7 p. m.  
MORGANTOWN, Ky., Aug. 28.  
Capt. D. C. Walker, Ch'n Rep. Dem.  
Dist. Com., Franklin, Ky., Dear  
Sir:—If agreeable with Judge W. L.  
Reeves and his friends a joint discus-  
sion is desired between him and Judge  
B. L. D. Guffy. Will you at your  
earliest convenience consult Judge  
Reeves and agree on some friend  
who, with a friend of Judge Guffy,  
shall agree upon a list of appoint-  
ments to begin not later than the  
15th of September, 1894.  
An early answer is requested.  
Your obedient servant,  
W. S. TAYLOR,  
Ch'n Rep. Dis. Com.

The foregoing letter was mailed to  
Capt. Walker twenty-ninth of Au-  
gust, last. It has not been answered,  
hence the above list of appointments  
for Judge Guffy has been made.  
W. S. TAYLOR.  
September 8, 1894.  
**STANLEY.**  
We need run very much, though  
crops are good for the season.  
Mr. Masterson, who has charge of  
the axle hand department of Shef-  
fer's grist mill, is pushing things rap-  
idly. He is going to add another  
saw soon. He gets up three car loads  
each month.  
Dr. L. T. Cox has sold his farm to  
the Thompson Bros. and con-  
templates going into the drug business.  
Birk & Washburn, the new dry  
goods and grocery men, are doing a  
big business.  
The Baptist Church here is almost  
completed. Bro. Bristol held services  
here the first Sunday.  
Mr. C. C. Bennett, of Owensboro,  
has moved to our little town and will  
soon build on the farm he recently  
bought near this place.  
The Republicans of Stanley pre-  
dict are stirred up very much and  
will vote the Republican ticket  
straight through. E. T. Franks  
went down, who was our choice—we  
are for Seabee.  
The writer had recently the pleas-

ure of hearing Hon. Bill Ellis deliver  
a speech in behalf of the Democratic  
party, in which he said that Congress  
had fulfilled every pledge in the Chi-  
cago platform in which they said free  
trade. What about sugar, which un-  
der the McKinley bill was free and  
under the Wilson law 40c tariff.  
Owing to the dry weather Smith &  
Cambro have had quite a failure in  
the watermelon business, only had  
thirty-five acres planted and yield was  
short.  
The farmers are busy cutting to-  
bacco.  
Success to THE REPUBLICAN.

**Every Town Has —**  
A liar.  
A sponger.  
A smart Aleck.  
A richest man.  
A blatherer.  
Some pretty girls.  
A girl who giggles.  
A weather prophet.  
A neighborhood feud.  
Hall a dozen innuoes.  
A woman who 'a'les.  
A justice of the peace.  
A man-who-knows-it all.  
One Jacksonian Democrat.  
More haters than it needs.  
Men who get every dog-light.  
A boy who cuts up in church.  
A few middleclass old women.  
A "thing" that stares at women.  
A stock law that is not enforced.  
A widower who is too gay for his  
age.  
Some men who make marks on their  
women.  
A preacher who thinks he ought to  
run the town.  
A few who know how to run the af-  
fairs of the country.  
A grown young man who laughs  
every time he says anything.  
A girl who goes to the post-office  
every time the mail comes.  
A legion of smart Alecks who can  
tell the editor how to run his paper.  
Scores of men with the expanse of  
their trousers worn smooth as glass.  
A man who grins when you talk  
and laughs out loud after he has said  
something foolish.—Western Paper.

**You cannot spend  
a week more profit-  
ably than attending  
the Ohio County Fair.**  
Its management has  
left nothing undone  
to make it a success.

**Public Speaking.**  
The following is a list of appoint-  
ments for the county candidates as  
agreed upon by the different commit-  
tees. They will speak at the following  
times and places in the month of Oc-  
tober:  
Hartford—Monday, 1st.  
Victory Schoolhouse—at night.  
Sulphur Springs—Tuesday, 2d.  
Horse Branch—Wednesday, 3d.  
Rosine—Thursday, 4th.  
Mount Pleasant—at night.  
Select—Friday, 5th.  
Cromwell—at night.  
Beaver Dam—Saturday, 6th.  
Pemis—Monday, 8th.  
McHenry—Tuesday, 9th, at night.  
Center-town—Wednesday, 10th.  
Point Pleasant—Thursday, 11th.  
Equality—at night.  
Ceralvo—Friday, 12th, at night.  
Rockport—Saturday, 13th.  
Beda—Monday, 15th.  
Buford—Tuesday, 16th, at night.  
Bella Run—Wednesday, 17th.  
Magan—Thursday, 18th.  
Deansfield—at night.  
Fordville—Saturday, 20th.  
Shreve—Monday, 22d.  
Olaton—Tuesday, 23d.  
All day speaking to begin at one  
o'clock, promptly.

G. B. LAKES,  
Ch'n Dem. Com.  
E. D. GUFFY,  
Ch'n Rep. Com.  
J. P. MILLER,  
Ch'n P. P.

**A Blow with a Hammer**  
on the thumb,  
crushes it and the  
ball turns black  
and swells and  
the thumb swells and  
is puffed and  
the man 'lays  
up.' Now ask  
at another case.  
The thumb was  
smashed just the  
same but the man  
was not laid up an  
hour! He had a  
bottle of Dr. Fennell's Golden Relief.  
He poured some into a cup and dipped  
his thumb in it as soon as hurt. It is  
now covered with a thin piece of cloth  
and kept wet with the Relief. He works  
as usual. It is not sore though yet raw.  
It has not swelled. No matter what form  
he will work with it right along and in  
a day or two it will be well. Inflamma-  
tion cannot exist where it is applied,  
used externally and internally and cures  
cold, summer complaints, flux, dyspep-  
sia, etc., also a drop on a small  
lump of sugar once in two hours cures  
sore throat and consumption. In fact  
it cures any disease that has inflamma-  
tion in it. One tablespoonful dose cures  
La Grippe, Near deafness, Safe and  
certain. Money refunded if satisfaction  
not given. Take a bottle home to-day.

**SAVED BY A GIRL.**  
"Yes, my hair is white for a man  
of my years," said he, running his  
shapely fingers through the snow-  
white locks. "But then I have seen  
a great deal of the world, you know.  
Sometimes I think it would have  
been better if I had not."  
"But what caused your hair to  
turn so white? It cannot be age,  
for, if I am a judge, you are not over  
forty."  
The major laughed.  
"No, I was forty on my last  
birthday, and my hair has been its  
present shade for the last ten years."  
"Come, major, I'm sure there is a  
story here. Let's have it."  
Again the major smiled, but this  
time a perceptible tremor shook his  
frame.  
"I never like to think of that  
time," he said. "But be it as you  
will. Have a fresh cigar; you will  
need it to strengthen your nerves,  
I'm very sure."  
"When I was thirty years old I was  
employed by Uncle Sam to scour the  
country for moonshiners. My terri-  
tory lay mostly in the southern  
states. It was in 1881 that I re-  
ceived an order from the chief of  
the division to go into the Tennessee  
region and locate several stills that  
were turning out kegs of illicit  
liquor near Little Tucksee. I was  
of a light-hearted, dare-devil dispo-  
sition, and usually such an order  
would have spurred me to my best;  
but on this September morning,  
when, leaving civilization behind, I  
struck the trail leading up the side  
of Little Tucksee, a strange feeling  
of foreboding came over me. The  
birds twittered about my head, and  
the purring brook rippled beneath  
my feet. All nature was at her  
best, and yet a feeling of indescrib-  
able dread oppressed me.  
"On I stumbled, deep in my  
gloomy meditations, when suddenly  
I nearly fell over a girl, clad in a  
single culotte garment, who was  
kneeling beside a scrubby bush fill-  
ing a path with the fruit. The sur-  
prise was mutual and she started up  
like a frightened woman. Without  
disparagement of the sex I can safely  
say that no plainer women exist  
on the continent than the average  
female moonshiner. As the girl  
trembled, however, she displayed a  
face in pleasing contrast with the  
characteristic high cheek bones and  
"ague" complexion of that section.  
Her oval features, brown as a berry,  
but regular in outline, set off by a  
pair of ruby lips and jet black eyes,  
would compare favorably with those  
of any fashionable belle.  
"What be you un-a-going? she  
asked, with a startled air.  
"I'm an artist," I replied, "come  
to sketch some bits of scenery. I  
am looking for Jerry Bowman."  
"What you want w' him?"  
"I am going to board at his  
house."  
"Huh! Then you un wants Ole  
Hoss?"  
"I was uncertain, but nodded.  
By this time I had drawn a pad from  
my pocket and began making hur-  
ried marks on it. The girl peered  
over my shoulder and asked:  
"How long be you un-a-goin' ter  
stay?"  
"Just over night," I replied.  
"She gazed at the scrawled said:  
"Wall, I guess you un can come  
on."  
"Up the tortuous path, twisting  
now to the right and now to the left,  
we went, till suddenly the girl  
pushed aside the thick undergrowth  
and darted along a trail leading di-  
rectly to the heart of the forest. I  
said not a word, but did considera-  
ble thinking, as now and then a pro-  
truding hawberry branch tore its way  
into my flesh, or a stiff twig, bent  
forward by my guide, with a 'zip'  
flew back, striking me across the  
face. Suddenly I heard a howling  
shriek. The girl gave a low, pecu-  
liar whistle, and the next instant  
four large ears were pawing at her  
feet, and in a most uncomfortable  
manner sniffing at my heels.  
"This is pop," the girl whispered.  
"This is Ole Hoss, the man you un is  
a-lookin' fur."  
"Whence he came and how he got  
there I was never able to explain to  
myself; but there he was, armed to  
the teeth, a large hunting-knife in  
his belt, a shotgun on his shoulder,  
and the mountaineer's grin on his  
face.  
"What do you un want?" he de-  
manded.  
"I am an artist," I replied, "and  
Jim Haddock, whom I met in the vil-  
lage, thought I could get board with  
you for a day or so."  
"Jim's friends are mine," he  
said, with a sidelong glance. "Come  
on."  
"This was much easier than I had  
expected. Jerry, or Ole Hoss, was  
none other than the man I was  
after."  
"As we emerged from the wood  
into the clearing, a link, sub-sided  
specimen of humanity approached;  
he was about to speak to Jerry when  
his eyes fell upon me, and he sud-  
denly turned away. There was  
something familiar in his features,  
but I could not place him.

**Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.**  
**Royal Baking Powder**  
ABSOLUTELY PURE

**PROFESSIONAL CARD.**  
**J. W. LITTLE,**  
LAWYER,  
OWENSBORO, KY.  
Will practice his profession in Davies and  
adjoining counties. Special at-  
tention given to collections. Office,  
Bank of Commerce Building.  
Jas. M. Glenn, J. N. H. Westcott  
**GLENN & WESTCOTT,**  
LAWYERS,  
HARTFORD, KY.  
(Office over Anderson's Hardware.)  
Will practice their profession in all  
the courts of Ohio and adjoining  
counties, and court of Appeals. Special  
attention given to criminal practice  
and collections.

**James A. Smith,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
HARTFORD, KY.  
Will practice his profession in Ohio  
and adjoining counties, and court of  
Appeals. Special attention given to  
collections. Office east side of public  
square.

**M. L. HEAVRIN, SHERRY TAYLOR,**  
**HEAVRIN & TAYLOR,**  
Attorneys at Law  
HARTFORD, KY.  
Will practice their profession in all  
the Courts of Ohio and adjoining  
counties, and in the Court of Ap-  
peals. Special attention given to  
collections. Office, next door to  
Bank of Hartford.

**Perry Westerfield,**  
Attorney at Law.  
BEAVER DAM, KY.  
E. D. GUFFY, R. D. KING  
**Guffy & Ringo,**  
Attorneys at Law,  
Hartford, Kentucky.  
Will practice in all courts of Ohio  
and adjoining counties, Superior  
Court and Court of Appeals. Col-  
lections and all legal business at-  
tended to. Office 329 E. Market St.

**R. R. EDDING,**  
Attorney at Law,  
HARTFORD, KY.  
Will practice his profession in all  
the courts of Ohio and adjoining  
counties. Also Notary Public.  
Office, room 20, Hartford House.

**W. H. BARNES**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Hartford, Ky.  
Will practice his profession in all  
the courts of Ohio and adjoining  
counties and Court of Appeals. Special  
attention given to collections.  
Office over Carson & Co.

**Jo. B. ROGERS,**  
Attorney at Law,  
HARTFORD, KY.  
Will practice his profession in the  
courts of Ohio and adjoining counties.  
Careful attention given to all business  
entrusted to him. Office in REPUB-  
LICAN Building.

**J. R. PIRTLE**  
DENTIST  
HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.  
Is prepared to do any and all kinds  
of Dental Operations. Prices most  
reasonable. Office over Williams &  
Bell's Drug Store.

**ST. H. WHITES**  
DENTIST.  
OFFICE OVER RED FRONT  
Is prepared to do all kinds of  
Dental work at reasonable prices.

**PARK PENNYROYAL PILLS**  
The celebrated Female Regulator.  
are perfectly safe and always reli-  
able. For all Irregularities, painful  
Menstruations, Suppressions, they  
never fail to afford a speedy and cer-  
tain relief. NO EXPERIMENT, but  
a scientific and positively reliable,  
adopted only after years of experience.  
All orders supplied direct from our  
office. Price per package, \$1.00, or  
six packages for \$5.00, by mail post-  
paid. EVERY PACKAGE GUAR-  
ANTEED. Particulars (sealed de-  
tail) Correspondence strictly Confi-  
dential. **PARK REMEDY CO.**  
Boston, Mass.

**Can Plants See?**  
Is it true that plants can see?  
Darwin answers this question in the  
affirmative, and a Huddoe botanist  
reports some strange experiences  
which also tend to confirm this opin-  
ion. Thus, he observed one morn-  
ing, when taking his sleigh in the  
veranda, that the tendrils of a cer-  
tain species of the convolvulus had  
wound around his thigh. There-  
upon, he placed a look pole near the  
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Is it true that plants can see?  
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## Hartford Republican

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

JO. B. ROGERS, Editor and Proprietor  
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1894.

### Democratic Ticket.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE.  
We are authorized to announce  
E. T. WILLIAMS  
As the Democratic nominee for County Judge of Ohio county. Election, November 6, 1894.  
We are authorized to announce  
JOHN M. LEACH  
As the Democratic nominee for the office of Assessor of Ohio county. Election, November 6, 1894.

### Republican Ticket.



Election, Nov. 6.  
For Congress—John W. Lewis, of Washington county.  
For Appellate Judge—B. L. D. Guffy, For County Judge—John P. Morton.  
For Sheriff—Cal. P. Keown.  
For County Clerk—D. M. Hocker.  
For County Attorney—J. P. Neal.  
For Assessor—N. C. Daniel.  
For Jailer—John W. Black.  
For Surveyor—G. S. Fitzhugh.  
For Coroner—Gallie C. Westerfield.  
MAGISTRATES:  
Hartford—A. S. Aull.  
Rosine—C. L. Woodward.  
Cromwell—Jont B. Wilson.  
Fordville—Buford.  
CONSTABLE:  
Hartford—Hosea Shown.  
Rosine—Thomas Allen.  
Cromwell—R. B. Martin.  
Fordville—Buford.

A FARMER who uses sugar and who raises sheep need not be as wise as Solomon to see that the Democratic party's boast of friendship is a fraud.

BRECKENRIDGE is bent on and thus the work of cleansing the escutcheon of the Seventh District is half done. Now for a good Republican to heat Owens and the job will be complete.

EDWARD J. McDERMOTT defeated Caruth and Atherton in the Louisville primary Tuesday and thus one Congressional light (?) is put out. Walter Evans will represent the Fifth District in the next Congress.

The work of building brick pavements is going on apace. The Board at a recent meeting ordered the erection of walks on several other thoroughfares and it is unnecessary to remark that it meets with considerable opposition on the part of the property holders affected.

The sugar planters of Louisiana held a convention this week and went over in a body to the Republican party, declaring themselves in favor of Protection to all American industries. Among the members of the convention were a large number of prominent Democratic politicians and leaders of the State.

The National G. A. R. Encampment will be held at Louisville next year, the first meeting of this body south of the Ohio River. This is a very fortunate move and will be another means of bringing about a still kinder feeling among the people of the whole country relative to questions settled in the long ago.

JUDGE Guffy, prospects of winning the race for Judge of the Court of Appeals grow brighter every day. He is the champion of the people and belongs to no riag nor corporation. He obtained his nomination by no trick and no fraud. He is a plain, yet polished, humble, yet able, unassuming, yet experienced gentleman and jurist and the people will elect him.

WHILE the Democratic press is howling itself hoarse over the refusal of Mr. Lewis for personal reasons to divide time with Mr. Montgomery and insists that Democrats desire joint discussions it would be well to remember the Bradley campaign of 1887 and various other occasions when the Democracy has purposely avoided joint debate. The truth is the Democrats of this District desire no division of time. They know that Mr. Lewis has just and sufficient grounds for his position, that Mr. Montgomery has refused and continues to refuse to extend the courtesy that is due a gentleman and that there is no danger in their blowing. Neither Mr. Montgomery nor his followers would agree to a division of time and no one knows this better than those who raise the hue and cry.

A Great Feature.  
Of Hood's Sarsaparilla is that while it purifies the blood and sends it coursing through the veins of full richness and health, it also imparts new life and vigor to every function of the body. Hence the expression so often heard: "Hood's Sarsaparilla made a new person of me." It overcomes that tired feeling so common now.

Announcement.  
The Owensboro Presbytery will convene at Louisville, Ky., at 10 o'clock a. m. on Saturday preceding the first Sunday in October, 1894. The delegates and ministers in the bounds of said presbytery will take notice govern themselves accordingly. Come, brethren, with interest in the work and let us have a profitable and interesting assembly.  
W. G. NEWTON, Moderator.

## HARDINSBURG.

Robin Hood Writes an Entertaining Letter About a Whole Lot of Topics.

Personals, Ferre's Methodists, Politics and Breckenridge all Come for a Share.

HITS THE NAIL ON THE HEAD.

HARDINSBURG, Ky., Sep. 17.  
Messrs. L. Green and Willis Green, of Falls of Rough, were in town last week to give their depositions in the case of F. B. Staines against L. Green.

Mrs. Frank Haswell and children are down in Davies county visiting the mother of Mrs. Haswell.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Beard, and Rev. W. B. Sneed and wife, attended the Conference of the M. E. Church at Louisville.

Democrats say that the Maine election went as they expected. They made no effort whatever in that state they say, knowing that it would go as it did. They claim to be saving their strength for doubtful states. Well, there are Louisiana and South Carolina, gentlemen, they are growing exceedingly doubtful.

Mr. Ashby, the fruit tree man of Tobinsport, Ind., was in town Monday and had with him a cage of ferrets. He raises them and sells them at four dollars apiece. He has about fifty now on hand. They are readily tamed and will become as gentle as a cat. They are very useful to destroy rats. A rat will not stay on a place with a ferret. A ferret is trained to enter the hole dug out by rats and run them out. It is said that if one is put in a corn crib, rats can be seen flying in every direction. Mr. Ashby also says that his ferrets are learned to hunt rabbits. They enter the burrows of the rabbit and the cotton tail soon comes sailing out to fall a victim to those awaiting him. When hunting rabbits the ferret must be muzzled else he will kill the rabbit and become gorged by sucking the blood and is thereby unfit to hunt, or even come out of the hole. The ferret is about 14 inches long, is very slender and duck-legged. They are of a light yellow or white color with red eyes and are allied to the weasel family.

We note with pleasure that the ministers of the Methodist Episcopal Church in this and Ohio county have been active during the conference year just passed and have done a good work. Rev. W. B. Sneed, of the Hardinsburg Circuit, reports over one hundred additions to the Methodist Episcopal church during the last year. Rev. Sneed in his younger days was a soldier in the Union Army. He was one among the gallant defenders of the nation that shed their blood in behalf of the Nation. He has since been a saint and devoted soldier of the Cross. He is in touch and in sympathy with the masses of the people and has been highly successful in parts of this county where sin and intemperance abounded. When indifference to religion and worse than indifference, once prevailed, religious enthusiasm now holds sway. In the mean time it seems that Dr. Kerr and Rev. Perryman have been imparting renewed vigor to religious affairs in Ohio county. Moreover they have been setting the Methodist Episcopal Church on her feet where she ought to have been long ago to have had a strong foothold. They have been giving Ohio county a great religious awakening, and in the mean time have been looking after the interest of their church. If these gentlemen return to their last year's work, let them keep the ball rolling. By all means let the good work go on, and let a Methodist Episcopal Church be established wherever practicable.

Enough, if not too much, has already been said about the Democratic primary in the Ashland District. But it is now over Kentuckians can find solace in the fact that Breckenridge has been defeated. The confidence of man in man has been shaken by the downfall of Breckenridge. Good citizens throughout the State, irrespective of party, have been grieved that such a blot should stain the fair name of our State. We have blushed with shame because Breckenridge is a Kentuckian. But he has been rebuked and if his own party had not done so the good people of his district would have unquestionably done so at the November election. There are several things connected with that primary which struck me with utter amazement. Chief among them is the idea that Breckenridge should have thought for a moment of entering the race after passing through the disgraceful scenes with which all are quite familiar. Looking at his actions thoughtfully and dispassionately we are led to the conclusion that the mind of the man has not that equilibrium which is possessed by a man of sound mind. Any man having in the least degree that sensibility that is characteristic of a true gentleman, could not have had the presumption and brazen effrontery to come before the people as did that man Breckenridge. It is unanimously conceded that at one time he was a great orator—one of the foremost in

the land, yet in his recent campaign he exhibited anything but true oratory. It is true that he made a great display of his oratorical skill and indulged in a vast amount of boasting, redoubtable, but that was not eloquence. His last addresses were nothing more nor less than regular vituperative harangues in which he unblinded those who opposed him, all of which goes to show that the man has well nigh lost his reason. But it is all over with Breckenridge. The hopes of his life are blasted. At one time the idol of his constituency, but he is no longer worshipped. He has been sought after to appear before the most enlightened audiences in the land. That day has passed. He will no longer be carried to victory by and in the midst of his cheering admirers. His silvery locks will not again be reared in the midst of the multitude and the strains of silvery eloquence that erstwhile thrilled this audience will be heard no more. Of him it may truthfully be said what he is dead.

"He left a name at which the world grew pale,  
To point a moral and adorn a tale."  
He can now invoke the Divine spirit of forgiveness of which he has said so much and it will be grateful if he repents.  
ROMUS HOON.

CENTRAL GROVE.  
Sept. 18.—Rev. J. A. Miller filled his regular appointment here Sunday at 11 o'clock.

Mr. W. P. Tiebenor and Miss Nola Faught, of this community, were happily united in marriage at Hartford last Wednesday at 3 p. m., Rev. T. M. Morton pronounced the ceremony, after which they departed for the home of the groom's mother, Mrs. Margaret Tiebenor, where a bountiful supper awaited them.

Oscar Bishop, who is attending school at Hartford, visited his parents Saturday and Sunday.

Monday morning was the beginning of the 3d week of our school, which is under the supervision of Miss Myrtle Rowe, with Miss Alice Loney as a student. 58 pupils have been enrolled.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Loney and little son, Clarence, Owensboro, are visiting relatives in this community.

Mr. and Mrs. James Park, Beda, were guests at Mr. D. M. Park Saturday and Sunday.

Hooe's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, always reliable and beneficial.

AT HERMAN.

Sept. 17.—The Sunday School at this place continues with interest.

Miss Euhan Her has returned home after spending the summer with relatives at West Point.

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Carson spent Saturday with Mr. J. L. Carson and family of Hartford.

Miss Sallie Tinsley is visiting relatives at Livermore.

Dr. McCormick, Massoville, visited his parents last week.

Master Thurlow Ashley, Stanley, is visiting in this community.

Owing to the drought in this community water has been a great scarcity. This continues to some extent, nevertheless, we were reminded this, on last evening, having seen one of young men watering his horse near Heflin. This young gentleman has recently purchased a new buggy, and doubtless he quoted the words: "Where your treasure is, let not your heart alone, but your presence be, also."

Misses Lydia and Cleora Ward spent a few days last week in McLean county the guests of Miss Rhoda Hipsley.

Mr. Silas Shaver and wife visited Mrs. Cordelia Hoover Sunday.

The school at Beda is progressing nicely.

Rev. J. B. Berryman is expected from Conference to-day. We learn he has charge of the No Creek Circuit for another year. Bro. Berryman is a zealous worker, and we extend to him a hearty welcome.

BLONDE.

Sufferers from dyspepsia have only themselves to blame if they fail to test the wonderful curative qualities of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In purifying the blood, this medicine strengthens every organ of the body, and even the most abused stomach is soon restored to healthy action.

Teachers.

Program for meeting of Teachers in the Rosine Magisterial District, to be held at Mt. Pleasant, Saturday Oct. 20, 1894.

9 a. m. Welcome address—Miss Sue Monroe.

Response—J. H. Leach. School management—by class.

10 o'clock. Recitation—Miss Annie Hatcher. School management continued.

Comic declamation—J. D. Oliver. NOON.

1 p. m. Folk Lore—by class. Recitation—Miss Jessie Allen. Paper—J. L. Brown and D. Henry Godsey.

Business of the Association.

JOHN B. TAYLOR, Pres. MOLLIE TUNSTALL, Sec'y. Herald please copy.

## JOHN W. LEWIS.

The Republican Candidate For Congress Addresses the People at Four Precincts in the County.

Fordville, Sulphur Springs, Hartford, and McHenry Give Him Large Audiences.

A GOOD IMPRESSION MADE.

According to announcement the Hon. John W. Lewis, Republican nominee for Congress, was at Fordville last Friday the 14th, and addressed a large crowd of voters. He had come down the evening before from Glendene, his last appointment in Breckenridge county and was at his best. The old tobacco warehouse had been seated for the occasion and fully four hundred voters had gathered to hear the speech. It was a splendid effort and the utmost good feeling prevailed.

FRIDAY NIGHT.  
Mr. Lewis and Mr. C. A. Johnson, of Lebanon, who accompanied him, were met at Fordville by Messrs. D. F. Tracy, Judge John P. Morton and G. C. Westerfield with a conveyance and after the speaking came to Sulphur Springs where Mr. Lewis addressed another audience of about two hundred, and every body was delighted with his speech.

SATURDAY AT HARTFORD.  
A large crowd gathered to hear the speech on Saturday and when the people filed into the Court House at 1 o'clock, even the most sanguine were surprised at the immense numbers. Not since the Swope speaking in 1889 has the Court House been so crowded at any gathering, several ladies being among the audience. What made the large crowd the more to be noticed was the lack of excitement and hurrah usually resorted to to drum up a crowd. It was in truth an ovation to Mr. Lewis and showed the intense interest of the people in questions now before the people for discussion.

Col. C. M. Barnett introduced Mr. Lewis, who made an able and conservative speech. He expressed himself fully as regards the personal reasons which render it impossible for him to agree to a division of time with his opponent. He reviewed the political situation in a masterly manner, pointing out to the people the inconsistencies of the Democratic party and its failure to provide a good and stable government for the country and for its destruction of the people's prosperity and industries.

His arraignment of the Democratic primary methods resorted to by Mr. Montgomery was eloquent and convincing. The very kindest feeling prevailed throughout the meeting and the audience dispersed more than ever impressed that John W. Lewis will be our next Congressman.

MCHERRY AT NIGHT.  
Messrs. Lewis and Johnson accompanied by Judge John P. Morton and G. C. Westerfield drove down to McHenry Saturday night where Mr. Lewis spoke to a crowd of three hundred voters. The speech was well received. The party drove back to Hartford and Mr. Lewis left Sunday morning for Bedford, where he had an appointment to speak Monday.

75c for the round trip to Greenville, Oct. 10, 11, 12 and 13th, 1894, limited to Oct. 14th, to return, account of Muhlenberg County Fair.

On September 26, 27, 28 and 29, 1894, Hodgenville, Nortonville and intermediate ticket stations; also agents on O. F. & G. R. will sell tickets to Beaver Dam at one fare for the round trip, good until Sept. 30th, to return account of Ohio County Fair.

H. MERRICK, Agt.

The earlier symptoms of dyspepsia, heartburn and occasional headaches, should not be neglected. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla to be cured.

Following is a list of the officers of the Ohio County Fair Company who will have charge during the exhibition next week: S. K. Cox, President; A. T. Nall, Secretary; Luke Condict, ticket agent; W. H. Maury, gatekeeper main entrance; W. B. Bennett, field marshal; J. B. Wilson, superintendent floral hall; J. P. Stevens, chief of police.

We call especial attention to the card of Mr. W. D. Luce, Contractor and Builder. Mr. Luce is a first-class carpenter and you would, do well to give him a call.

## That Tired Feeling

Hood's Sarsaparilla Makes the Weak Strong.

"I cheerfully announce the fact of a course of treatment with Hood's Sarsaparilla. I was troubled with a dull headache and that tired feeling. I am employed by the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway and was out in all kinds of weather. I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after taking six bottles I felt perfectly well and had a good appetite. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a great blood purifier and I gladly recommend it."  
C. R. FINNEY, Missouri.  
Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Harmless, reliable, sure.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE.

pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

The following is a summary of the game laws of the State:

1. It is unlawful for any one to take or catch fish by means of seine, net or trap, from any running stream, ponds or lakes, the streams forming the boundaries of the State excepted, or to place dynamite, poisonous fish berries within said waters with the intention or purpose of taking or killing fish. Any violation of these laws is punishable by a fine from \$50 to \$100 for each offense and costs of prosecution.

2. The following species of game can only be killed or taken within the time specified: Black, or fox squirrel, between the 15th of June and the 24th of February.

3. Wild geese, and ducks, between the 15th day of August and the 1st day of June.

4. Wild turkey, between the 1st day of September and the first day of February.

5. Woodcocks, between the 21st day of June and the 1st of February.

6. Quails, partridges or pheasants, between the 15th day of November and the 1st day of January.

7. Doves, between the 1st day of August and the 1st day of February.

8. Thrushes, meadow larks, finches, martins, swallows, woodpeckers, orioles, blue birds, tanagers, cat birds, blue birds or other song or insectivorous birds, except when same shall be destructive to the fruit or grain crops, shall not be killed or taken at any time.

9. It is unlawful for any one to net, trap or take by snare, any quail, partridge or pheasant. It is unlawful for any one to destroy the nests or eggs of any of the above mentioned birds.

10. Any one having in possession, any bird or squirrel, or offering for sale the same at any time when it is unlawful for said bird or squirrel to be taken, or killed, is liable to indictment, and anyone supposed to have in possession said bird or squirrel is liable to a search warrant and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of from \$5 to \$25, as is the penalty for the violation of any of the preceding laws. 50 per cent of the fines arising from the violation of the laws pertaining to the protection of birds and squirrels, and 40 of those pertaining to fish is payable to the informer.

Any County Judge, Justice of the Peace, or Police Judge or other Magistrate, upon being informed sufficiently that any of the above laws have been violated is authorized to issue warrants for the arrest of the violators, and upon the refusal or failure to do so shall be found guilty at misfeasance in office and upon conviction shall be punished by fine of not less than \$20 or more \$50.

Until Further Notice.  
Casebeer & Burton are in the lively business at the same old stand and respectfully solicit the patronage of the public. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Ho for the Fair, Sept. 26, '94, and when you come be sure to call on Tracy & Son for all kinds of refreshments. 6-4t

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

World's Fair Highest Award.

CALL ON

R. E. CLARK

The Leading Photographer.

Pictures in Every Style and Size.

Old Pictures Copied and Enlarged

A SPECIALTY.

108 1/2 Main Street.

37m6 OWENSBORO, KY

## The Ohio County Fair

promises to be one of the greatest importance ever held in the county. Its fine list of premiums and good management insures its success. It commences September 26 and continues four days.

Mr. W. D. Luce left Tuesday for Rockport, Ind., to spend several days.

Hartford's New Business House.

JNO. B. FOSTER

PROPRIETOR,

DEALER IN

General

Merchandise.

(KAIN'S OLD STAND)

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, TINWARE,

EVERYTHING IN GENERAL SUPPLIES.

Hats, Shoes, Etc

Lowest Prices.

Country Produce taken in Exchange for

GOODS!

GIVE HIM A CALL.

QUARTERLY REPORT

OF THE

Beaver Dam

DEPOSIT BANK

At the Close of Business on

18th day of June

1894.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts . . . \$72,075.87

Overdrafts, secured . . . 264.11

Overdrafts, unsecured . . . 594.30

Due from National Banks . . . 11,115.58

Due from State banks and

Bankers . . . 45.59

Banking house and lot . . . 3,000.00

Specie . . . 2,632.72

Currency . . . 2,944.00

Furniture and fixtures . . . 1,500.00

Current expenses . . . 867.12

\$94,139.29

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash \$25,000.00

Surplus fund . . . 8,250.00

Undivided profits . . . 4,204.02

Due Depositors . . . 56,571.67

Due State banks & St. b'ks 59.00

Due National Banks . . . 54.60

\$94,139.29

STATE OF KENTUCKY,

COUNTY OF OHIO.

John H. Barnes, Cashier of Beaver Dam Deposit Bank, a bank located and doing business in the town of Beaver Dam, in said county, being duly sworn, says that the foregoing report is in all respects a true statement of the condition of the said bank at the close of business on the 18th day of June, 1894, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and further says that the business of said bank has been transacted at the location named, and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Secretary of State, designating the 18th day of June, 1894, as the day on which such report shall be made.

Subscribed and sworn to before me by John H. Barnes, the 20th day of June, 1894.

ROWAN HOLCOMB,

Clerk Ohio County Court

By SHIRLEY TAYLOR, D. C.

J. H. BARNES, Cashier

R. P. HOCKER, Director.

JNO. H. BARNES,

I. P. BARNARD,

Cost, Cash.

I have sold my interest in the Johnson and Mosely Coal Bank to Albert Rial and have opened another coal bank on the farm of J. W. Reeks, three miles east of town. Send me your orders and I will guarantee you good coal. Respectfully,  
N. G. LAGHER.

C. R. Martin, our hustling Jeweler,

has just received a big lot of jewelry, composed of Pins, Rings, Chains, Buttons, Charms, Bracelets, Necklaces, Scarf Pins, Watches, Clocks, and, in fact, a full line of everything, which he will sell cheaper than the cheapest for cash. Call and see him.

Ohio County Fair

September 26-4

days.

WORMS!

WHITE'S CREAM

VERMIFUGE

FOR 20 YEARS

Has led all Worm Remedies.

EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.



## GREAT BARGAINS

For those who attend the Ohio County Fair at the popular trading place of

## FAIR BROS. & CO.

Remember we have just received the largest line of Dry Goods, Notions, Dress Goods, Millinery, Boots and Shoes of any other house in Ohio county, all bought at a low cash price, and we propose to give our trade the benefit of all our advantages. We sell for cash, by so doing we can afford to sell for less money than those who do not. We quote you a few bargains in each line:

### Staple Dry Goods.

Canton Flannel . . . . .	5c per yard
Best Calicoes . . . . .	5c "
" Shirting . . . . .	5c "
" Cotton Jeans . . . . .	15c "
" Bed ticking . . . . .	15c "
Yard wide domestic . . . . .	5c "
Good all wool real flannel 15c	
10-4 Sheetting . . . . .	16c "
Red table linen . . . . .	20c "
Best water proof . . . . .	65c "
10c Gingham . . . . .	8c "
Best carpet chain . . . . .	18c "

### Notions.

Ladies white handkerchiefs . . . . .	5c
Men's . . . . .	5c
Fine woven corsets . . . . .	50c
Black lisle gloves . . . . .	15c
Ladies white black and tan hose 8 1/2	
Regular made . . . . .	15c
Fine line of embroideries . . . . .	2 1/2c up
Handsome silk umbrellas . . . . .	\$1
Fine silk velvet, all colors . . . . .	75c

### Dress Goods.

We have a handsome line of all the latest weaves and newest fall shades, at prices running from 25c to \$1.50

per yard. Also a line of silk velvets, braids, Jet passementerie. A look at this line will convince you that the style is right AND THE PRICES THE LOWEST.

### Millinery.

This line needs but little comment, as we have for years been recognized as leaders in this line. We can accommodate you with a hat stylishly trimmed from 50c to \$5. Miss Bennett, our popular trimmer, is with us again and shall be glad to show that politeness is our motto.

### New Hats!

The have them in the newest shapes in soft and stiff hats. Anyone wanting the latest should not fail to see our line.

### BOOTS & SHOES.

We have the largest line of ladies and misses shoes to be found in Hartford. The price is right, the quality the very best. Men's boots from \$1.25 per pair to \$3. Times are close and farmers who have many pairs to buy will surely act wisely by seeing at our line.

We are here to sell goods. We buy strictly for cash and sell for cash. With a life time experience in our line we have advantages that other houses do not get. Give us a call; we guarantee satisfaction.

## HARTFORD TEMPLE OF FASHION FAIR BROS. & CO., Prop'rs.



WEST.  
EFFECTIVE APRIL 8, 1894. 4:25 p. m.  
No. 5, Mail . . . . . 11:45 a. m.  
No. 7, Lim. Ex. . . . . 11:25 p. m.  
No. 31, (Local) . . . . . 4:35 p. m.

EAST.  
No. 6, Mail . . . . . 12:50 p. m.  
No. 8, Lim. Ex. . . . . 3:25 a. m.  
No. 32, (Local) . . . . . 5:54 a. m.  
H. MERRICK, Ag't, Beaver Dam.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1894.

The Ohio County Fair the 26th.  
You will see your old friends at the Ohio County Fair.

Mrs. R. W. Walker, living a few miles East of town, is quite sick.

H. T. Maxwell and family, Shreve, made our office a pleasant call yesterday.

Miss Mercedes Guffy, who was quite sick the first of the week is out again.

The exciting races of the Fair will be worth going miles to see. Opens the 26th.

While at the Fair remember that Tracy & Son will serve you with a good lunch on the ground. 6-4t

Mrs. W. H. Barnes, Knickerbocker, who has been sick with typhoid fever for some weeks, is slowly improving.

Tracy & Son will furnish you while at the Fair with all kinds of cold drinks and everything you wish to eat. 6-4t

Remember C. R. Martin, the Jeweler, does all kinds of repairing on watches, clocks and jewelry on short notice.

Uncle Louis Gunther attended the National G. A. R. Encampment at Pittsburg last week and reports a most enjoyable time.

The enterprising little city of Fordville is contemplating the formation of a Fair Company and giving its first exhibition a year hence.

Prof. I. C. Hoover, who has charge of the Crowe School No. 56, reports a fine opening and a splendid prospect for a good five months work.

The trial of Albert Brown for shooting Elvils Blaukenship some weeks ago while in Brown's watermelon patch, came up at Beaver Dam Saturday before Esquire R. T. Rander and the accused was acquitted.

The ladies of the Hartford Baptist Church will conduct a Lunch Stand and Ice Cream parlor in the old office of THE REPUBLICAN on Market Street next week. They will have regular ice cream suppers on Thursday and Friday nights.

Mrs. G. J. Bean, who has been sick for some time, is somewhat better.

Mr. J. I. Carson, who has been complaining for some time, is about well again.

Tracy & Son want your eggs and butter and they will pay you cash or goods. 6-4t

Mr. Richard Foster left Monday for Nashville, Tenn., where he enters Vanderbilt University.

Buy your lunch and hot coffee of the ladies of the Baptist Church while attending the Fair next week.

Judge B. L. D. Guffy, Morgantown, Republican nominee for Judge of the Court of Appeals, was in town Saturday.

Mr. Wm. P. Allen, of the Rosine country, will move in the next few days to Indiana, where he will make his future home.

The Louisville Conference of the M. E. Church, South, meets at Owensboro Sept. 26th.

The trial of Mr. F. L. Dehart, charged with forgery, came up Monday but on the account of absent witnesses was postponed until next Monday.

Marriage license since our last issue: W. H. Angel to Miss Bettie A. Stogner; Sam A. Anderson to Miss Elva Morton; J. W. Cummings to Miss Minnie Morton.

Mr. W. H. Angell and Miss Bettie A. Stogner were married yesterday at the home of the bride's father, J. B. Stogner, Point Pleasant. THE REPUBLICAN extends congratulations.

Mr. B. J. Hicks, who lived at Owensboro, but formerly a citizen of this county, died Monday and was buried near Bada Tuesday. THE REPUBLICAN extends condolence to the bereaved family.

The result of the white teachers' examination here Sept. 7 and 8 resulted as follows: First-class certificates, 9; second-class certificates, 8; third-class certificates, 5; failures, none.

The new Baptist Church at West Providence on the first Sunday in October. The exercises will be conducted by Rev. E. J. Maddox, of Owensboro, and Dr. J. S. Coleman, of this city.

T. M. Ralph, of Adaburg, came to town yesterday morning and swore out a writ against Earl Taylor charging him with trespass. It seems that Taylor has been cutting timber on Ralph's land.

Somebody broke into the Court House at Owensboro last Saturday night and destroyed the indictments returned at the last term of the court, poured and smeared ink over the record book containing references to the indictments.

Come to Carson & Co's. for neck wear.

You must see our new hats.

Carson & Co.

We won't empty your pockets.

Carson & Co.

Investigate and you will invest.

Carson & Co.

Visit our Millinery department.

Carson & Co.

Don't fail to see our goods.

Carson & Co.

Read Fair Bros. and Co's ad this week.

New cash store is headquarters for fancy quensware.

New Ducks, latest dress goods, at Fair Bros. & Co's.

New cash store wants your butter, eggs and chickens.

When you trade at the new cash store you save 25 per cent.

Novelties in dress goods and trimmings at Fair Bros. & Co's.

Plenty of hay, corn, oats and bran at C. L. Field.

Remember the Commercial during the Fair.

Mr. Chas. Russellberger, Whitesville, was in the city yesterday.

Have you seen Fair Bros. & Co's novelties in veiling.

Fair Bros. & Co's are the clothing men of the county.

The latest style in men's stiff hats at Fair Bros. & Co's.

The new cash store has got the cheapest men's and boys hats in town. Look at them.

Young men needing buggies will do well to see C. L. Field before buying.

Mrs. W. T. Rolph, of Louisville, will arrive Tuesday to visit Mrs. H. D. Melleny.

Don't think of buying your fall hat until you see Fair Bros. & Co's. Millinery.

Remember that C. L. Field's bus will meet all trains daily, during the Fair.

The tables at the Commercial Hotel are always supplied with the very best the market affords.

Mr. John Springs and wife, of Paducah, arrived at the Commercial yesterday.

Did you know that Fair Bros. & Co. have the handsomest line of Millinery in Hartford?

For sailor hats in straw, felt, all shades, see Fair Bros. & Co's. Millinery department.

To close out remnants we will sell wall paper very cheap.

WILLIAMS & BELL.

Cates Jeans, yarns, Huseys and flannels, none like them found only at headquarters, Fair Bros. & Co's.

The steam drill is still at work in the well in front of Williams & Bells. A depth of 60 feet has been reached.

The tennis ground has been nicely marked off by Messrs. John J. McHenry and Tom Lee. Tennis is now the order of the day.

Parties desiring to enter their tobacco in the fair must hurry up and get it cured, as entries must be made by next Friday.

All but fifteen stalls have been taken at the Fair Grounds. Never before has there been so much stock ready for Fair week.

Mr. W. H. Austin and Miss Sarah R. Daughtery, Balztown, were married at the Clerk's office yesterday, Judge Morton pronouncing the ceremony.

The coming exhibition of the Ohio county Fair promises to be the most successful in its history. No pains will be spared to make the attractions superior in every way.

A Mr. Canon passed through town Tuesday driving a Shetland pony three feet high. The pony and the wee bit of a cart were quite curiosities and attracted much attention.

W. P. Smith, of Buford, has been attached by R. McJohnson & Co. for \$109 and for \$177 by W. A. Gunther & sons, of Owensboro. Mr. Smith kept a small stock of goods at Buford.

Col. C. M. Barnett returned yesterday from Paducah, where he had been attending the Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias of Kentucky, as the representative of Rough River Lodge, No. 110. He reports a fine time and a big meeting.

Our County Fair is the county's pride and all citizens should unite in making it a success. The management has spared neither pains nor expenses to make the coming meeting, which opens the 26th, the most enjoyable of former efforts. Come and bring your family.

Every body that visits the Ohio county Fair is invited to come and inspect the finest, largest and best selected and well bought stock of dry goods in Ohio county, at Fair Bros. & Co's.

Herman Taylor, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Taylor, near Rochester, died of typhoid fever on the 9th inst. and was buried on the 10th. He was a bright and dutiful child. The parents have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement.

THIS IS ONE OF THE OLDEST TOWNS in the State, situated about midway between Montgomery and Jackson. It is the largest place in the county—Bumpton—on the Mississippi border,

and on the west bank of the Tombigbee River. The population is about one thousand and like many other southern towns, consists largely of negroes, who are civil and respectful. The white people are good types of the southern planter and evidence a social character, living mostly in large palatial dwellings with extensive flower gardens and shadowed by beautiful trees, live oak, chinaberry, magnolia, and crape myrtle.

The whole site is a somewhat elevated sandy area, sufficiently rolling or broken as to afford good drainage to the river and the streets keep so dry that they need no paving. The town has thirteen stores, two mills, and several shops all doing a good business. There are seven large churches, a male college and a large female college, which has flourished with a patronage of three hundred and of which your subscriber has taken charge.

The chief connections are by river with Mobile and by stage line with the Alabama & Great Southern railroad. There was formerly a Short Line between this place and the Mobile & Ohio railroad, but owing to some disagreement between the citizens here and the railroad people the track was taken up and has not yet been relaid.

During the war Gainesville was a great rendezvous for the Confederate Army, and after the Shiloh battle the wounded were brought here and nursed. Many of them died and are buried here in the town cemetery, with a splendid monument erected to their memory by the ladies. As a relic of the war there is a large piece of artillery, ten feet long with an eight inch bore, which the citizens sometimes use on political occasions, shaking the earth to the center. I see here, also, the hotel office in which General Forrest surrendered his sword.

The wells here, some of which are nine hundred feet deep, together with numerous springs afford plenty of good, clear water, though not so cold as in Kentucky. Health is reasonably good, there being no great deal of sickness, and most that does occur is of the malarial type.

From the corporate limits of the town a rolling prairie stretches far to the south, east and west, with a soft limestone base. The soil is rich, and as far as the eye can see are fine fields of cotton, corn, cane and peas, both the brown and gubers, and interspersed are fine acres of sweet potatoes and melons. Indeed vegetation of every kind grows luxuriantly here, unless it is wheat and some of the grasses. There is a good quantity of timber here along the river and in the shallow valleys through the prairie, consisting of pine, oak, cedar, gum and other kinds found in Kentucky. The pine is not lonely here in its lofty pride, but there are great forests all the way back to Deatur, two hundred miles north, and most all buildings are made of it.

The streams are attractive, having cut channels deep down in the soft, white and blue limestone beds, and ripple along with clear waters, shaded by evergreens, some of which bear long gray mosses, and numerous vines. In fact as you go on the trains of the two long lines of railway that pass through the county, the landscape is everywhere so inviting that you feel like stopping to admire the many beauties that are to be seen and to listen to the mocking bird, whose varied music may be heard here among the foliage all day long. There is an additional pleasantness too, to me, when I notice that I am here associated with intelligent, genial, wealthy people, who have called me to keep their school, at a salary double that of any teacher in the Green River country, in Kentucky.

But alas and woe, when I think of the many dear friends I have left so far distant—when the church bells strikes up a rich melody that softly dies away among the pines and flowers, and I know they do not call together the smiling faces I have so often and so fondly met at the old home, the bosom though restrained will swell, a sigh will burst and tears will unbidden fall upon the cheek, that life so short is not lived out at a single place. R. D. WELBORN.

Anderson-Morton. One of the prettiest weddings ever celebrated in Hartford was that at the home of Junge and Mrs. John P. Morton Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in which their daughter, Miss Elva, was married to Mr. Sam A. Anderson, of THE REPUBLICAN. Over one hundred admiring friends and relatives crowded into the cozy little parlors to witness the making of the two hearts one. The bride never looked so beautiful nor the groom handsomer than when to the music of the wedding march, by Mrs. D. R. Thomas they walked into the room and paused to hear the glad words of union. In a manner beautifully impressive, Rev. E. E. Pate pronounced the ceremony and the bride and groom were treated to a shower of congratulations from the host of friends present. The wedding party repaired to the home of Mrs. Lucy Hubbard, where Mr. and Mrs. Anderson will make their home for a while. A very few intimate friends and relatives had been invited and enjoyed a pleasant evening's entertainment and a delicious supper of fruits and ices. At 11 o'clock the visitors renewed their congratulations to the happy couple and wended their way homeward, bearing many pleasant memories and wishing these young people the fullest realization of their most roselike dreams.

## BEAVER DAM.

Happenings and Personals as Reported by our Regular Correspondent.

BEAVER DAM, Sept. 21.  
The Rev. Casebier filled his regular appointment here Saturday and Sunday.

The Riding Club spent Saturday afternoon in racing instead of riding.

Mr. W. H. Austin and wife, of the country, spent Sunday in town, the guests of W. A. Austin and wife.

Mrs. Henry Young, Rockport, spent last week with her sister, Mrs. H. D. Hunt, returning home Sunday accompanied by Miss Mabel Sweat, who has just recovered from a spell of typhoid fever.

Mrs. J. R. O'Brien will leave Friday for Paducah, where she will spend Saturday and Sunday.

Two horses have been killed recently by the train. One belonging to H. C. Maddox and one belonging to Jo Berry, of color.

H. D. Hunt spent last week in Louisville buying his fall stock.

Mr. E. P. Barnes left Monday to purchase the fall stock for Hocker & Co.

Miss Fannie Barnes left Wednesday for Louisville and Cincinnati.

Miss Polly Anderson spent last week in Elizabethtown attending the Hardin county fair.

Mr. Arthur Hunt has been quite sick for the past week.

Rev. Bringle, Central City, will preach here the fifth Sunday in this month.

Miss Dora E. Gibson spent Saturday and Sunday in Hartford.

Mrs. J. R. O'Brien, son and daughter visited relatives at Gordon Station Sunday and Monday.

Mr. B. F. Keegan stopped over in Paducah Monday and Tuesday.

Alex. Hunt, M. D., of Huntsville, is in town.

Miss Bessie Nave, sprained her ankle very badly Monday night.

Prof. E. R. Ray was in Hartford Saturday.

Reduced Rates to Owensboro Fair. The Owensboro Fair opens Oct. 2 and runs to the 6th, inclusive. The Louisville, St. Louis & Texas Railway will make reduction of fare for the round trip, from all stations, on these dates: Irvington to Henderson, inclusive, Glendene to Garfield, inclusive, to Owensboro, tickets good returning on all regular trains up to and including October 8th.

In addition to the regular trains service, there will be a special train run from Cloverport to Owensboro, stopping at all stations between these points, on Oct. 4th and Oct. 6th; affording an opportunity for everyone to visit the fair.

The special train, returning from Owensboro, will leave at 5:30 p. m. For further information call on agents, or address, H. C. MORDUK, A.G.P.A.

For Sale. Any one desiring to buy a cheap farm with a good young orchard of 150 bearing trees, a fine lot white oak and poplar timber, should call on or write me. The farm is on the Rochester and Beaver Dam road near Cool Spring Church. I will sell low. J. A. Hoors, Prentiss, Ky.

New Feed Store. T. H. Bean has opened a Feed Store at L. B. Bean old stand and will be glad to have his friends call on him.

UNDERWOOD. Sept. 10.—Mrs. A. C. Ellis has returned from Davies county, where she spent several days visiting relatives.

Prof. Elmo Williams lectured at No Creek School-house Sat. urday night. Prof. Williams has been engaged to teach the fall school at that place.

Mr. Wickliffe Lashbrook and wife, of Davies county, spent several days last week among friends and relatives on No Creek.

Rev. E. E. Pate filled his regular appointment at Mt. Hermon Sunday. It was his last sermon at that place this conference year. In case we do not get him back on this circuit next year we know the good people who are blessed with his presence will be pleased with him, for he preaches the word of God. May God's richest blessing follow him wherever he may go.

The school at Alexander opened on the first Monday in this month under the principalship of Prof. C. H. Ellis with 38 pupils enrolled the first day. Mr. Jo Foster, who has been sick of typhoid fever, is improving very nicely.

Mr. R. A. Anderson has had quite a severe time with a bone fever. He is improving at this writing.

Misses Savilla Ward, Nias Bennett and Etta McCormick, of No Creek, visited Alexander school last Friday evening. Call agala, ladies.

A. K. Ward returned from Indiana recently.

Mrs. Sharp, from above Hartford, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Billy Thomas at this writing.

DAISY DEANE

W. D. LUCE, CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Will draw drafts from a nice, neat cozy cottage up to a fine two story house. Will draw plans free of charge. Will make careful estimates on all kinds of buildings, and remodel old houses. Motto—"Live and let live."

## BIZ OR BUST!

Are we going to be lost in the shuffle or soaked in the soup? Not if we know it; we are here to compete with all comers, stock against stock and dollar against dollar. We are after the

## SHINING SHEKLE

And we expect to get 'em by giving value for them. We wouldn't enjoy 'em if we got them on any other terms. Come and see us and you'll find us

## Death on the Dioker.

We take no man's dust on the trade track. We won't be bluffed out of the business game. We now have ready a fine stock of Fall and Winter Goods and they're all marked at a low price. Come and size them up and you'll see we're

## FIXED TO STAY IN THE GAME!

No fakements or shenanigan with us. It's just simply a fair, square exchange of Goods for Dollars—the best Goods for the fewest dollars. A fair deal to all is our motto, live up to with every purchase.

## CARSON & CO., General Merchants.

—DEALERS IN—  
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,  
Dress Goods, &c. &c.,  
Hartford, Kentucky.

## St. Frances Hotel

Owensboro, Kentucky.  
OPPOSITE TEXAS DEPOT. BEST FARE.  
Rates Reasonable.  
NO LIQUORS SOLD. NO INEBRIATES KEPT. THE PATRON-  
AGE OF ALL GOOD PEOPLE SOLICITED.  
S. S. STAHL, - - Prop'r.

## SAVE YOUR MONEY

And come to see John P. Daniel, of Rosine, Ohio county, clerk at

## WILE BROS.,

The largest and most reliable Clothing and Furnishing Goods House in Owensboro, have just received a

## A NOBBY LINE OF DRY GOODS.

Mr. Daniel will be glad to have his friends call on him Fair Week. Remember the place,

## WILE BROS.,

Main Street, Owensboro, Ky.

## QUAKER CITY BAKING POWDER

"Pure," "Wholesome," "Has no superior." Sample 10c.

The Ohio County Fair Co. has made provisions that all may take an active interest in the exhibition which begins the 26th. Each day will be a banner day in point of enjoyment and sight-seeing. The exciting races, the various exhibits and the crowds will be features that you cannot well afford to miss. It will be a veritable gala week.

Notice. During the Fair next week the Bank will close each day at noon.

SAM K. COX, Pres.

Agents Wanted! A Great Change is Making Money.

VITAL QUESTIONS OF THE DAY  
Political Revolution of '92. Crisis of '93 and '94. Battles for Bread. Conscription. Strikes, the Unemployed. Great Labor Issues of the present and the future. Tariff Legislation. The Silver Question. What Protection does for the American Workman. What Free Trade does for him. A book for the hour. Everybody wants it. Price only \$1.50. Sell at Sight. Most liberal terms to agents. Send for circulars or 20 cents for agent's outfit at once. P. W. ZIEGLER & Co., 720 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.



## Hartford Republican

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1904.

### AN EPIC ON THE TARIFF.

Prose From Which the Tariffs Don't Rest Their Feet.

There is sorrow in the white house, where the lights are dim and low; there is grief at the capitol where sad-eyed statesmen go; there is pain in the committee rooms, where democrats sit glum, and the star-eyed goddess glowers as she frowns and bites her thumb; there is weeping loud and wailing over one poor tariff bill, and the democratic clock rooms are all just what you wish. Democrats who once were happy now are weary, sick and sad, but nobody has discovered that the trusts are feeling bad.

Once the house set out quite early to draw up a tariff bill. Even the democrats assembled on the capital's high hill. Mr. Wilson and McMillin and the other democrats cut the duties down on diamonds, carpets, coal and Persian cats; took the duty off of sugar, slapped a higher one on rice, tinkered with the tariff question till they felt gay and nice; sent the bill on to the senate, happy over their work and glad, but they found something or other that no trusts were feeling bad.

For the big trusts owned the senate, owned it body, mind and soul, and they put the tariff measure in a dusty pigeon hole. Then the trusts drew up a tariff that was just what they desired, and the democratic senate merely stood by and admired. The republicans protested, but their protests were in vain, for the trusts poured out their money as the clouds pour out the rain. Even Vest and Mills were silent, though they showed that they were "mad," but nobody could discover that the trusts were feeling bad.

Sugar stood was bought up quickly by the great men's sons and cools, and some statesmen's names were written secretly in brokers' books. Scandal grew so ripe and ugly that the senate, in defense, even held "investigations" and protested innocence. In the many "secret sessions" senators would testify how they "never speculated," while each winked a roguish eye. Each had "not bought stock nor sold it," though the public knew they had; and the people were indignant, but no trust was feeling bad.



HAVING TROUBLE WITH HIS PAIR.—Philadelphia Press.

Then, in conference committee at the capitol last night, the noises of the conflict rivalled a steam siren's blast. All the democrats were quarrelling, and the echoes of the fray travelled up the cable car track to the white house far away. Members from the house grew angry. Word came from the president, but the senators responded that they "didn't give a cent." Difficulties grew as many as the bones in Taft's shank, but nobody could discover that the trusts were feeling bad.

Democrats with wraths grew purple and they even wept with grief. At the white house they held counsel, but even there no relief. Smoked with scandal, grown and tainted, the senate tariff bill, but the house is almost ready to take down the bitter pill. So the trusts are suavely patient and await the certain end, for the house's will is weaker and time will surely bend. So the house still chafes and mutters and the president is sad, but nobody has discovered that the trusts are feeling bad.

Still, the people's turn is coming and it will not be so long as the trusts that now are gleeful will discover something wrong; for the ballot box can even bend a stubborn senate's will, and republicans will surely draw up the next tariff bill. Gorman's bill with all its scandals, all its jobs and deals, all its grossest impositions, all its pickings and its "steals," will be wiped out of existence, and the nation will be glad, and at last "twill be discovered that the trusts are feeling bad."

The democratic members of the senate investigating committee have decided to inquire further into the relations of the sugar trust to the democratic party. If Messrs. Gray and Lindsay are not careful they will find out something about the bargain which was made with the trust out of consideration for the big contribution which Mr. Havemeyer made to the democratic campaign fund in 1902.—Cleveland Leader.

Both the president and Senator Hill announce that "a satisfactory tariff bill will be passed." They don't say to whom it will be "satisfactory." It will take an awful lot of kissing and making up to make it satisfactory even to the parties now quarrelling over it, to say nothing of the millions of people.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

If there is anything the democratic party can do to get itself into a worse muddle than it is in now it may be depended upon to do it.—Chicago Tribune.

### FALSE PRETENCES.

Democratic Inactivity for Intelligent Legislation.

Almost as soon as the votes cast at the presidential and congressional elections in 1902 had been counted the democratic newspapers which had advocated the radical tariff reform to which the democratic party was pledged by the Chicago platform began urging President-elect Cleveland to call an extra session of congress as soon as he should assume office.

Such papers as the New York Times, Boston Herald, Chicago Herald and Louisville Courier-Journal insisted that the people had voted for tariff reform, and it was the duty of the democrats to give it to them as soon as possible. There was and could be no excuse for delay, they said, nothing stood in the way of the passage of a bill which would wipe out the McKinley law if Mr. Cleveland would only convene congress in special session and give the democratic lawmakers a chance.

These radical free trade organs insisted that the democrats knew exactly what they wanted. They had discussed the proposed reform for years. It would not be necessary to even ap-

point a ways and means committee to consider the bill. Just as soon as congress met the bill would be ready, and it could be disposed of in both branches inside of a month. That was what the mothers of democratic opinion thought at the fall of 1902. They assumed to believe that the democratic members of the Fifty-third congress were being consumed by a desire to lift the burdens of tariff "taxation" from the backs of the people.

Mr. Cleveland did call a special session of congress, but not for the purpose of considering a tariff bill. The subject of tariff reform was not even taken up at that session. The committee on ways and means was appointed, however, and it had succeeded in formulating a bill before the regular session of congress convened in December. The work was done in a cellar by the light of a dark lantern. It was entirely the work of southern democrats. The republicans were not permitted to assist in its creation, and the people who were interested in the subject were given but brief hearings. The democrats had everything their own way, and yet it required about three months to get that bill through the house.

Then the measure went to the senate, where it was torn to pieces in the interests of the various trusts, which demanded consideration. Four hundred amendments were made to the bill, and it was finally passed, after remaining in the hands of the senate more than four months. Now the two branches of congress are in a deadlock over the two bills. The president has found it necessary to inject himself into the controversy, and it is doubtful if the democrats will succeed, after all, in agreeing upon a bill which will please all factions of the democratic party and all the special and sectional interests which the democrats are inclined to favor.

From all this it appears to be plain that the democrats do not know what they want. Furthermore, it is apparent that they haven't much of an idea what the tariff reform, about which they have talked since 1884, is like. People who had supposed that the desire to smash protection represented by fixed and settled democratic policy will be compelled to admit that they were mistaken. Present events at Washington lead to the conclusion that the democrats advocated tariff reform simply for the purpose of arranging one man against another and of winning votes for the democracy, and

when they had won a victory upon that issue they found themselves utterly unable to formulate and carry out the policy they had advocated. The democrats have succeeded in demonstrating their incapacity when entrusted with power, and they have fully proved that the democracy is a party of false pretences. They have accomplished nothing more.—Cleveland Leader.

It is costing the democratic party something in experience to discover that a protective tariff and sound money are worth clinging to after all, but symptoms are not lacking which go to show that the conversion will be complete.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

While the democratic party cannot be held responsible for the seven-year-old locusts, the arrival of the latter is nevertheless an example of a familiar coincidence in life that calamities usually come in a heap.—Providence News.

A law to restrict immigration is not needed as long as the democrats are in power, for times are so bad that nobody wants to come here.—Toledo Blade.

CLOSE OF THE WAR. Brave Deeds of the Army Which Marched into the Crimea.

The formally ratified treaty of peace was brought to London by Hon. William Stuart, first attaché to the British embassy at Paris, on the 28th of April, 1856. Sunday, the 4th of May, was observed as a day of general thanksgiving to Almighty God for the preservation of peace, and on Monday, the 5th, it was formally proclaimed in London, with the usual solemnities, says the New York Advertiser. Addresses to the crown, approving of the peace, were carried in both houses of parliament on the evening of that day, and on the 28th both houses cordially voted "thanks to the army, navy and marines employed in the operations of the late war." The feelings entertained toward the men who fought and bled in the Crimea by the queen, the government and the people of England are also placed on record in an excellent dispatch of Lord Palmerston, which will be perpetuated as long as the language exists.

"Since the period," said the noble secretary of war, "when the army first quitted the shores of England there has been no vicissitude of war which has not been called upon to encounter. It was assailed by cholera shortly after it arrived in Turkey. Then was proved that moral as well as physical courage pervaded its ranks. Led to the field, it triumphed in engagements in which heavy odds were on the enemy's side. It carried on, under difficulties almost incredible, a siege of unprecedented duration, in the course of which the trying duties of the trenches, privations from straitened supplies and the fearful diminution of its numbers from disease neither shook its courage nor impaired its discipline. Notwithstanding that many a gallant comrade fell in their ranks and many were called upon to mourn the gallant commander who led them from England and who died in the field, his noble career as a soldier, his majesty's troops never flinched from their duties nor disappointed the sanguine hopes of the country."

INCREDIBLE FOLLY. The Country Is Being Hobnobbed Through Blundering Tariff Taxation.

The sugar schedule prepared by the democratic senators as a favor to the sugar trust has provoked no end of comment, but popular interest has been centered upon the effect which the new duties would have upon the price of sugar to the American consumer. This is an important matter, but not so important as the effect which the imposition of these rates will have upon our foreign trade. This point may be more thoroughly ventilated when the president responds to a resolution introduced by Senator Hearst, calling for information regard-

### DEMOCRATIC RULE.

How the Country Has Suffered Under Cleveland's Administration.

"The democratic party rules the intelligent judgment of the American people. It asks a change of administration and a change of party in order that there may be a change of system and a change of methods, thus assuring the maintenance of institutions under which the republic has grown great and powerful."

These are the closing sentences in the platform adopted by the democratic national convention of two years ago, and on which the Grover Cleveland administration assumed the reins of power. That was the promise. At the close of its first year of office, included in the sixteen months that have elapsed since Cleveland took the oath, let us ask what has been the performance?

For the first time since the close of the war the expenditures have exceeded the receipts, and the deficit is a startling one. The revenues for the year ended June 30 were only ninety-three million dollars, and the gold reserve is reduced to sixty millions, or over forty millions below what under republican administration it had been declared to be the limit of safety, and this though some fifty-eight millions have been obtained by the sale of bonds. And the course of events directly due to administration misrule is even more disastrous to the people.

The clearing house payments of the country have decreased two billions of dollars, or about as much as the total deposits of the workers in the savings banks of the country, while it is estimated that the total daily wages and incomes of five million of people less than two years ago, this decrease being twice as much as the daily cost of carrying on the tremendous war for the preservation of the union. Truly the people have suffered. They have paid dearly for listening two years ago to the demagogues who exhorted them to vote for Cleveland and a change.

The business trouble begun very soon after Mr. Cleveland took his seat in the white house. Certain things drop by his secretary of the treasury were construed as reasons for fear that the parity between gold and silver would not be preserved. In this hint foreigners sent home American money and sold them for gold, and it was exported in large amounts, and what remained in the country was looked up from the channels of circulation. The result was a serious money famine, which induced fear of the banks, and a run ensued which made money still more scarce for lending purposes, and industrial operations were paralyzed.

Confidence in the soundness of the currency was shaken by the call for a special session and the subsequent action of congress in repealing the purchasing clause of the Sherman act of July 14, 1890.

But the president declared in his message that congress must soon enter on the work of tariff revision and reduction to carry out the pledges of the party, and the fear of tariff reduction made the industrial situation still worse. Merchants were afraid to buy stocks of goods that would have to be sold in competition with those produced under a lower tariff and our manufacturers curtailed operations for the same reason, in addition to having a diminished current demand for their goods. Many of them were forced to stop because they could not get orders for the product of their establishments, and others managed to keep open by dint of offering their wares at a severe cut in price while and made it necessary to reduce the wages of their employees. The increasing competition of sellers on a smaller market led to further declines in prices, and this to more cuts in wages, till the competition of foreign goods had been reduced by fully twenty-five per cent. on the average, and still hundreds of thousands could not find work at any price.

The deceived tollers whose votes had placed in power the party now in office, all this mischief grew dissatisfied. Many of them struck for the wages which employers had paid cheerfully during years of republican prosperity, but could not afford to pay under the democratic rule. The five hundred strikes on the Pacific railroads, strikes of the miners for bituminous coal, strikes in the Colorado gold fields, the strike at Pullman, with bells' order extending to nearly all railroads, but for a year and a half it has been in some cases, the calling out of sheriff's posse and the military to restore order; great privation to the strikers and their families, and no small amount of unjust loss to the general public, and loss to many who were not parties to the struggle—all this was directly consequent upon democratic interference with previous industrial conditions and national prosperity.

The country has been running falling off in receipts of duties on imported goods during this last fiscal year, because importers did not deem it safe to be caught with stocks on hand with the market prices falling when tariff reduction would have the effect of reducing the income of the government suffered directly, in addition to the falling off that resulted from internal depression of trade, with greatly reduced consumption, making a total loss of nearly one hundred millions of revenue. And while the revenues have been thus running behind at the rate of nearly two million dollars per week for the whole first year of Cleveland, and the people suffering from business paralysis, the tariff tinkers of the Washington have worse than wasted many months of valuable time in hobnobbing with sugar and whiskey trust officials, and trying to help them to rob the people with the benefits of the treasury balance by a single dollar.

This truthful picture is a lamentable one. It is especially so by contrast with the flattering promises made to the voters two years ago by the democratic politicians who, next November, will ask the citizens of the United States to give them another vote of confidence and elect their candidates to further carry out their anti-protection programme which has plunged the American people from the heights of prosperity into a slough of despond. The facts in the case are plain, so plain that he who runs may read their meaning, which is that the democratic politicians are responsible for all the industrial and commercial depression which has afflicted the American people since Cleveland's inauguration, as well as for the great deficit in the national revenues of the fiscal year now closed. Surely the average American voter will feel as did the Scotchman who remarked: "If a man cheats me once he deserves to be hanged, but if he cheats me a second time it is myself that deserves it."—Chicago Tribune.

INCREDIBLE FOLLY. The Country Is Being Hobnobbed Through Blundering Tariff Taxation.

The sugar schedule prepared by the democratic senators as a favor to the sugar trust has provoked no end of comment, but popular interest has been centered upon the effect which the new duties would have upon the price of sugar to the American consumer. This is an important matter, but not so important as the effect which the imposition of these rates will have upon our foreign trade. This point may be more thoroughly ventilated when the president responds to a resolution introduced by Senator Hearst, calling for information regard-

ing the objections to the sugar schedule which have been filed by foreign countries.

Already it is known that Germany and Spain are prepared to retaliate for any discrimination against them. A bill is now before the Spanish cortes imposing a duty of twenty-four per cent. upon the manufactured goods and agricultural products imported free into Cuba from the United States under the reciprocity agreement. Since the treaty was made, the trade has increased from \$12,000,000 to \$23,000,000. That is, reciprocity has nearly doubled our dealings with Cuba, and of this great advantage we will be deprived if the senate sugar schedule goes through.

It is said that the German ambassador to the United States has filed a formal notification that the enforcement of the discriminating duty of one-tenth of a cent upon the Cuban sugar will be followed by retaliatory measures practically excluding American agricultural products. This would deprive us of a trade worth many millions, simply to carry out the democratic bargain with the sugar trust. Germany is slow to believe as capable of such folly is shown by a recent statement in the National Zeitung. It says:

"It may be taken for granted that Germany will not submit to any infringement, either open or closed, of the most favored nation clause. American exports into Germany are so important that she will not desert a tariff war with us."

It is a paradox from these facts that the democratic error is not to be measured by the increased cost to the American consumer of sugar. The democratic error has been that the markets of the world must be opened to sugar and tobacco, no matter what the price, just that, but democratic tariff tinkering is robbing us of the benefits gained through skillful diplomacy and wise judgment.—Troy Times.

### DRIFT OF OPINION.

"In the line of making the poor poorer the Cleveland democracy holds the record."—N. Y. Recorder.

"In the column of loss, add for the year 1903-4 thirty million dollars on wool, and then ask the democratic party to tell you what you have instead of this thirty million dollars less for one year."

"That 'open grave' of which Col. Waterson foretold yavins. There seems to be a disposition to try to pull wool over the eyes of the democratic party just now. The people, however, will recover their senses."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

"The sugar trust has proved itself to be the most potent force in tariff legislation, and at the same time it has made democratic success impossible so long as sugar continues to be an article of general use in this country."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

"Last fall Secretary Carlisle, in an official communication to congress, estimated that the treasury deficit for the fiscal year would be \$25,000,000. The deficit will be \$75,000,000. Mr. Carlisle did not come very near. He is not a good guesser. But what is the benefit of \$50,000,000 to democratic financiers?"—Albany Journal.

"And 'Cleveland and Gorman came back,' but 'the gold continues to go' and doesn't come back. The American people would like mighty well to swap some of their statesmen now on deck, and would pay a liberal premium to somebody who would take good care of them. Two years and a half 'more of Grover and clover' will soon pass. The people should not lose courage."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

"When the McKinley law was passed there was much democratic criticism of the administrative sections. Now the senate leaders have decided to drop the administrative provisions of the tariff bill, giving them a hopeless task the attempt to frame more effective regulations than those now in force. If they would go a step further and give up the whole democratic tariff scheme it would be the best thing they ever made."—Troy Times.

"For the first time in thirty years, in a time of peace, there will be a deficit in the national treasury. It amounts to the large sum of seventy-four million dollars, or nearly ten thousand dollars. The country is living under the same law which made 1892 a year of unexampled prosperity, for the majority has not yet succeeded in making radical changes in the tariff law. But for a year and a half it has been striving for that end, and the fear that it will succeed has caused the uneasiness and demoralization which has brought the deficit. When the republican party is in power, the business was played on the right side of the books of the treasury."—Albany Journal.

### THE DEMOCRATIC BADGE.

A Solid Plea for the Furtherance of the Trust Interests.

President Cleveland's appeal for "the genuine democratic badge" in his letter to Chairman Wilson, is almost a mockery of the working men and farmers of the United States, and of the people generally, than ever before depicted the genuine democratic badge every time they remove their coats, or the wind blows their coats tails away. Here is the sentence in the letter to Chairman Wilson in which the appeal for the "genuine democratic badge" is made: "The democratic badge is the trousers of every farmer, coal and iron miner, and laboring man in the north."

It must be admitted that the measure accord with democratic theories, but it does not bear the genuine democratic badge that does not pocket for free materials. That sentence is preceded by the following assertion of the "pledges" made by the democratic bosses to the monopolies and trusts and combines:

"We have in our platform and every way possible declared in favor of the free importation of raw materials, and we have promised this should be secured for our people and our manufacturers as soon as the democratic party is elected to power. We have made the tariff policy of the country. The party now has the power."

He demands that iron and coal be placed on the free list with "the wool of the farmer," but that "in taxing sugar for proper purposes and within reasonable bounds, whatever else may be said of our action we are in no danger of running counter to the democratic principles." That is a solid plea for the sugar trust, it is charged and generally believed that Grover Cleveland is a stockholder. It is a plea for free raw materials, which most greatly compete with the products of American labor. It is a plea for a tax to protect the most brazen monopoly that manufactures a foreign product within the United States. The president has shown greatly more courage in behalf of the monopolistic manufacturers and the trusts and combines than he did in behalf of the government during the war of the rebellion, but no intelligent person can read his two letters to Chairman Wilson, read in the house July 19, and believe that Grover Cleveland is an honest and patriotic American citizen. The object of these letters, appears to be a plea for the sugar trust, to increase the protection and profits of the sugar trust monopoly.—Iowa State Register.



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